TO:

Mr. Richard Haley, Director of Southern Office Mr. Spiver Gordon, Field Secretary, North Florida Mr. C. McCain, Department of Organization

FROM: Stuart Wechsler, CORE Task Force, Florida

DATE: March 15, 1965

SUBJECT: Field report for Liberty and Gadsden Counties March 1- 15

GADSDEN COUNTY

SCHOOL DFSEGREGATION: The Gadsden County desegregation plansis of h the Volunteer Pupil Placement type that has so many whereases and conditions that if allowed to stand unchallenged will maintain segregation in all county schools. Children desiring to transfor must take a series of tests, if they come within a c rtain percentile they are permitted to transfer..... if the school of their choice is not overcrowded and transportation facilities are adequate (re. present segregated facilities).

Meetings ahve been held by the school board to explain their side of the story to the tea chers and parents. Max Walker, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, a voids most of the pertinent questions. Apperently thier are no plans for the integration of the teaching staff.

We have pla nned a series of meetings throughout the county to explain what the plan really means. We are also letting people know that thier is a lawyer, John Due, who would be willing to represent them a in a suit a gainst the county.

ANT I*- POVERTY: A meeting was held by the Temporary Anti-Poverty Committee March 8, 1965. Representatives from all the white communities were present (geographically speaking) plus representatives from CIG and the Negro Business and Civic League. Neither Crutcher nor Evena s, head of the Negro Business and Civic Group notified Core of the meeting. John Due went as a representative of CIG at Crutchers request. Johnny Watson and myself attended the meeting. We were allowed to remain for about fifthteen minutes at which point the chairman (John Snipes) asked us to leave since it was a closed meeting. We explained that CORE desired to be alloweddto stay since we felt that the program was a public one and thereforw the meetings should be opened to the public and all interested groups. John Due suggested that we be allowed to remain until such time as it would be necessary to close the meeting. No one spoke up for this suggestion. The whites were very adamant about making us leave and the Negro representatives did not back us up at all. I stated that we were making a formal protest at our exclusion and that we wanted it includede in the minutes

The followin day Spiver and I went to see Snipes. He was very courteuos and tried to explain why we were not allowed into the meeting. After a while he agreed to allow Spiver to sit in at the next meeting, he specified Spiver and insicated by his action s that he definitely did not want me.

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Rev. Campbell of Stevens Elementary School (the principal) also

contacted Snipes and induced him to accept three representatives ffom the PTA at the next meeting. The impression that I have about Snipes is that he is sincere

The impression that I have about Snipes is that he is sincere but not too bright. He appears to be manipulated by Maxwell and the other more aggressive whites. Evans and his group have the reputation of being a bunch of Toms, theyare al called upon often by the county and city commissioners to act as go betweens for the Negro community, so it seems that we they will be nothing but rubber stamps.

Crutcher is more complex. He is militant but for some reason or other he is avoiding CORE. He does not keep usminformed as to whe when any meetings are being held.

No poor people are **pe**presented on the committee and there is nothing to indicate that preent members of the committee wish to see poverty stricken people of any race included in the the planning stage of the program. Rev. Cruthher is the only member who even mentioned it.

March 16, another meeting is being held. However this time Spiver and Rev. Campbell will be there.

VOTER REGISTRATION: The city bools were opened the ninth of March in prepartion for an election on the 13nth of April. The books will be opened only two weeks. Rev. Campbell might run for the office of city commissioner. Any registered voter is elegible for candidacy with a petition of 25 registered voters

We have been canvassing Quincy, contacting approximatelt 800 people. We cannot get an accirate count of the number of people registered due to a staff shortage. There was a line coutside of the registars office on the 15th. Transporation is not being provided in mosy cases due to the proximity of the Gity Hall and lack of t time in which to canvass.

LIBERTY COUNTY

<u>VOTERS LEAGUE</u>: The vast majority of the members of the Voter's league consid r the present president overbearing and desigd spicable. In addition there is some friction between the moderates of the League headed by Mrs. Jones (the president) and the more militant faction of the group. Mrs. Jones is opposed to testing restaurants and is also hesitant about pressing suit for school integration. Many people have taken the view that if she remains in the organization they would leave it. The next meeting they hold will probably gring the whole situation to a head.

<u>ANTI-POVERTY</u>: A committee was appointed by the V.L. to start work on the anti-poverty plan. I am to meet with it theweek of the 20th. It is doubtful as to whether the county could start a plan by itself due to its small size and we will probably have to work with

an adjoining county.

SCHOOL DESEGRGATION: Conditions at the Negro school in L berty County are deplorable. It is a small school with only 140 pupils and eight teachers. 250 books in the Li library, no equipment in the science room, limited n umbe of subjects (no language other then video Spanish for lrst through 3rd graders) and overcrowded busses. A committee has also beeb formed for the purpose of dese egregation by the V.L.. Farents of forty children have alsready retained John Due to sue the county to bring about a true integrat tion plan

Respectfully submitted

Stuart Wechsler