DAME COUNTY RESOLUTION ON THE MISSISSIPPI FREEDOM DEMOCRATIC PARTY

WHEREAS, the Domocratic Party of Wisconsin is firmly committed to the principle of one-man one-vote; and

WHEREAS, the Domocratic Party of this state is committed thru its platforms and candidates to actively strive for legislation that will ensure equality under the law for all citizens, and,

WHEREAS, in certain states, such as Mississippi, delegates are elected by a non-representative white minority, and

WHEREAS, the official Democratic Party in certain states has not supported the national ticket or the national platform, particularly in regards to civil rights;

THEREFORE, be it resolved that the Wisconsin delegation to the Demorcratic National Convention be urged to oppose the accrediting of those state delegations that are not loyal to the basic civil rights principles of the Democrat National Platform; and,

Be it further resolved that the Wisconsin delegation to the Democratic National Convention be urged to support the accreditation of the " FREEDON DELEGATION " as an expression of our support for the principle of one-man one-vote and to encourage those who are working for voter registration of a disenfranchised Hegro minority.

This resolution was passed unanimously by the Dane County Democrats, May 1964. Introduced by Lee Zeldin and seconded by David Carley

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WHAT IS THE MISSIPPI FREEDOM DEMOCRATIC PARTY ?

The Party was established as a challenge to the traditional Democratic Party of Mississippi which has made it impossible for Negroes of the state, or white people who consider all people to be citizens, to perticipate in the Democratic Party.

Mississippi citizens who are in sympathy with the goals platform and national candidates of the National Democratic Party cannot support them within the party as it is now constituted.

The regular Democratic Party is in direct opposition to the

national party.

The regular Democratic Party of Massissippi has stated in party literature that it is not a part of the national party.

The regular Democratic Party of Mississippi has not supported

Democratic presidential candidates in the past.

Therefore, the Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party was formed to serve as the party in which all citizens of the state who wish to support ne tional Democratic Party policies can participate.

The Council of Federated Organizations, a coalition of national and local civil rights groups in the state, sided the local citizens

in setting up a Democratic Party Structure.

[1964]

THE MISSISSIPPI FREEDOM DEMOCRATIC PARTY ...

Three basic considerations underlie the development of the Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party and its plans to challenge the seating of the delegation of the Hississippi Democratic Party at the 1964 National Democratic Convention. They are:

1. The long history of systematic and studied exclusion of Negro citizens from equal participation in the political processes of the state grows more flagrant and intensified daily.

2. The Hississippi Democratic Party has conclusively demonstrated its lack of loyalty to the Hational Democratic Party, in the past, and currently indicates no intention of supporting

the platform of the 1964 National Democratic Convention.

3. The intransigent and fanatical determination of the State's political power-structure to maintain status-quo, clearly demonstrates that the "Mississippi closed society", as Professor James W. Silver of the University of Mississippi asserts, is without leadership or moral resources to reform it self, and hence can only be brought into the mainstream of the twentieth century by forces outside of itself.

A. PARTY DISCRIPTION:

The Mississippi Democratic Party controls the legislative, executive, and judicial branches of the government of the State. All 49 senators, and all but one of 122 representatives are Democrats. Repeatedly, the State legislature has passed laws and established regulations designed to discriminate against prospective Negro voters. The 1963 gubernatorial campaign was largely directed towards restricting the Hegro vote. The state convention is being held in the Jackson Municipal Auditorium and the Heidelburg Hotel, both of which are segregated. In its devotion to recism and suppression and oppression of minority expression, the Mississippi Democratic Party prevents Megro Democrats and white persons who disagree with the party's racist stance to participate in party program and decisions.

B. PARTY DISLOYALTY

Mississippi ditizens who desire to do so cannot support the Mational goals by joining the Mississippi Democratic Party. The Mississippi Democratic Party has declared in public speeches and printed matter that it is NOT a part of the Mational Democratic Party. The campaign literature for the election of Gov. Paul B. Johnson, in 1963 is a case in point, as the following excerpts show: "Our Mississippi Democratic Party is entirely independent and free of the influence or the domination of any national party"... "The Missippi Democratic Party which long ago separated Itself from the Mational Democratic Party, and which has fought consistetly everything both national parties stand for..."

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In 1960 the Mississippi Democratic Party failed to honor its pledge to support the nominees of the Mational Democratic Convention. Immediately after the convention the Mississippi Party convened a convention and voted to support umpledged electors in an effort to defeat the nominees of the Democratic Mational Convention.

C. THE CLOSED SOCIETY

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"It can be argued that in the history of the United States democracy has produced great leaders in great crises. Sad as it may be, the opposite has been true in Mississippi. As yet there is little evidence that the society of the closed mind fill over possess the moral resources to reform itself, or the capacity of self-examination, or even the tolerance of self-examination." From "Mississippi: the Closed Society" by James W. Silver, the University of Mississippi

Civil rights groups working in Hississippi are convinced that political and social justice can not be won in Hississippi without massive interest and support of the country as a whole, backed by the authority of the Federal government. As the political leadership of Hississippi feel threatened by the winds of change, they devise new and more extensive legal weapons and police powers. Folice preparations are now being made to harass, intimidate and threaten the educational and registration program scheduled to be conducted in Hississippi this summer. Five new bills, prohibiting picketing, barning the distribution of boycott literature, restricting the movement of groups, establishing curfews, authorizing municipalities to pool police marrower and equipment, and increasing penalties that may be assessed by city courts - have been hurriedly signed into law. Other similar bills are still pending.

II. ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE OF THE PRESDON DESCORATIC PARTY

To give Negro citizens of Mississippi an experience in political democracy and to establish a channel through which all citizens, Negro and waite, can actively support the principles and programs of the National Democratic Party, the Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party was conceived. The Council of Fedcrated Organizations (COPO), a confederation of all the national and local civil rights and citizenship education groups in Mississippi, is assisting local citizens to develop the Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party. This party is open to all citizens regardless of race. It was officially established at a neeting in Jackson, mississippi on April 26th; and the approximately 200 delegates present elected a temporary state executive committee, which will be responsible for setting precinct and other state

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meetings. These neetings will parallel those of the Mississippi Democratic Party, and every effort will be made to comply with all state laws which apply to the formation of political parties. Registered voters in the Freedom Democratic Party will attempt to attend precinct and county meetings of the Mississippi Democratic Party.

The Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party is presently engaged in three major efforts: (1) Freedom Registration; (2) Freedom Candidates; and (3) Convention Challenge.

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I. FREEDOM REGISTRATION:

Official registration figures show that only some 20,000 Negroes are registered in Mississippi as compared to 500,000 whites. This represents less than 7% of the 435,000 Negroes 21 years of age in the state. The Preedom Registration is designed to show that thousands of Negroes want to become registered voters. By setting up registrars and deputy registrars in each of the 62 counties of the state, 300,000 persons may be registered in the Freedom Registration. Last November some 33,000 Negroes were registered in a mock gubernatorial face. In the present drive, 75,000 are reported registered, and this will be greatly stepped up when the summer program officially begins at the end of June. This registration will use simplified registration forms based on voting applications used in several Northern States. Any person who registers in the Freedom Registration will be eligible to vote in the Freedom Democratic Party Convention and participate in party work.

2. FREEDOM CANDIDATES:

The four (4) candidates who qualified to run in the June 2 primary in Mississippi were nominees of the Free on Jemocratic Party and in addition to their bid in the regular Democratic primary, they will also run in a mock election under the Mississippi Freedom Jemocratic Party in November. This will help to establish the fact that thousands of Negroes are deprived of citizenship participation because of the racist character of Mississippi's voter registration procedures.

The four candidates are, Mrs. Victoria Gray, opposing Sen. John Stemmis; Mrs. Fannie Lou Hamer, opposing Rep. Jamie L. Whitten; the Rev. John Cameron, opposing Rep. William M. Colmer,

and Mr. James nouston, opposing kep. John Bell Williams.

The Platforms of the candidates of the Freedom Democratic Party articulate the needs of all the people of Mississippi, such as anti-poverty programs, medicare, aid to education, rural development, urban renewal, and the guarantee of constitutional rights to all. This is in sharp contrast to the lack of real issues in the campaigns of the candidates who won in the primary. Senator Stennis did not even bother to campaign in the state.

3. THE CHALLENGE TO THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION:

Delegates from the Freedom Democratic Farty will challenge the seating of the "old-line" Hississippi delegation at the Democratic National Convention this August in Atlantic City, N.J. These delegates will have been chosen through precinct meetings, county convention, caucuses in congressional districts, and at a state wide convention of the Freedom Democratic Party. The State Executive Committee will be ratified and the national Committeeman and Committeewoman will be chosen at this state wide convention.

All steps necessary to preparing and formally presenting the challenge of the Freedom Democratic Party are being taken. BUT

WE MEED YOUR COOPERATION AND HELP!

*****We need convention delegates to champion the cause of representative government in Mississippi.

*****We need people who will speak out in the credentials committee

and on the convention floor.

*****We need hundreds of Democrats - individuals and organizations to instruct their delegates, petition their representatives, party
leaders and the President to face up to the fact that only a
renegade democratic party exists in Mississippi, which enjoys the
benefits of national affiliation but spurns all responsibilities
and can only continue to bring disgrace to the National
Democratic rarty.

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