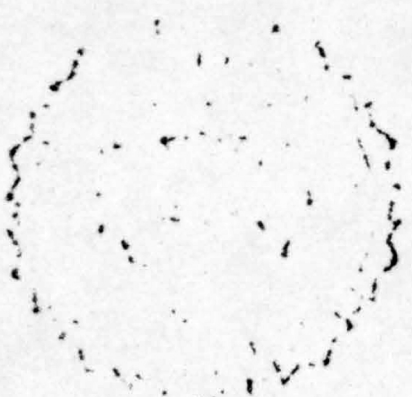




UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York

March 21, 1967

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Courtland Vernon Cox
Internal Security - Vietnam

An article from "The Washington Post and Times Herald," captioned "War Trial Backers Unmoved at Losses," datelined November 14, 1966, London, noted that Bertrand Russell had been meeting with 11 members of the Tribunal preparing plans for a 12-week inquiry into the Vietnam War, now scheduled to begin next March, in Paris. It was reported in the article that the only American present was Courtland Cox, a young Negro listed as "an active field worker in SNCC."

advised that a Courtland Cox, not further identified, engaged in a "sit in" with others at the office of the United States Attorney General in March, 1962. This activity, according to the source, was a protest against an arrest of two persons in Louisiana for criminal anarchy and vagrancy.

reported that a Courtland Cox was a member of the National Demonstration Council of the "March on Washington," August 28, 1963. This march was described as a massive peaceful demonstration to deal with the national civil rights crisis.

in July, 1965, advised that a printed announcement was received entitled "Call for Congress of Unrepresented People to Declare Peace in Vietnam, August 9." This flyer proposed a congress to meet in Washington, D.C. to express ideas to end the war in Vietnam and to protest United States involvement there. The name of Courtland Cox, not further identified, appeared at the bottom of the flyer with the names of 27 other persons, many of whom have been active in civil rights demonstrations.

advised in 1964,
that a Courtland Cox of Howard University, Washington, D.C.
was a member of the National Executive Committee of SNCC.

In March, 1966, reported that Courtland
Cox, representing SNCC, was to address the 1st Annual
Human Relations Conference, April 14 through 16, 1966, at
Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, on the topic of organizing
southern students.

advised on December 19, 1966, that
Courtland Vernon Cox was born on January 27, 1941, in
New York, New York. he attended
Howard University, College of Liberal Arts, during 2nd
semester, 1956 - 1960; the 1st semester, 1960 - 1961; the
2nd semester, 1960 - 1961; and the 1st semester, 1961 -
1962. Courtland completed an application for admission,
which was received by Howard University on January 16, 1959.
Contained with the application was the following information:

Residence	2786 Dewey Avenue Bronx, New York
Date of Birth	January 27, 1961 ?
Place of Birth	New York City
Mother	Mrs. Elsie M Cox
Education	St. Helena High School Bronx, New York September, 1954 - June, 1957 Jamaica Plain High School Jamaica Plain, Massachusetts September, 1967 - June, 1958 Washington Irving Night School New York City September 9, 1959 - January 28, 1960 Textile Industries and United States Post Office New York, New York
Employment	

On December 29, 1966, the records of the
Bureau of Vital Statistics of the City of New York for
the Borough of Manhattan were reviewed. These records
reflected under birth certificate number 2739 that
Courtland Vernon Cox, a colored male, was born on
January 27, 1941, in Harlem Hospital, Manhattan, New
York City.

According to this birth certificate, the father
was listed as Lloyd Cox, colored, age 39, who was born
in the British West Indies and the mother's maiden name was

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Atlanta, Georgia
April 3, 1967

COURTLAND VERNON COX
INTERNAL SECURITY - VIET NAM

On March 31, 1967,

advised that the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) had originally designated Cox and [redacted] to participate in the War Crimes Tribunal organized by the Bertrand Russell Foundation which was to begin in March, 1967, in Paris, France. This source advised that on March 30, 1967, he learned that neither of these individuals, nor any other SNCC personnel, would participate in these trials and, as a matter of fact, he gathered the impression that the entire War Crimes Tribunal had been cancelled.